

AN ACT in relation to the regulation of professions.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
changing Sections 4.14 and 4.24 as follows:

(5 ILCS 80/4.14) (from Ch. 127, par. 1904.14)

Sec. 4.14. Acts repealed.

(a) The following Acts are repealed December 31, 2003:

The Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private
Security Act of 1993.

The Illinois Occupational Therapy Practice Act.

(b) The following Act is ~~Acts-are~~ repealed January 1,
2004:

~~The Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of
1984.~~

The Veterinary Medicine and Surgery Practice Act of
1994.

(Source: P.A. 92-457, eff 8-21-01.)

(5 ILCS 80/4.24)

Sec. 4.24. Acts repealed on January 1, 2014. The
following Acts are repealed on January 1, 2014:

The Electrologist Licensing Act.

The Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters Act of 1984.

The Illinois Public Accounting Act.

(Source: P.A. 92-457, eff. 8-21-01; 92-750, eff. 1-1-03.)

Section 10. The Illinois Certified Shorthand Reporters
Act of 1984 is amended by changing Section 17 as follows:

(225 ILCS 415/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 6217)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2004)

Sec. 17. Fees; returned checks; expiration while in military.

(a) The fees for the administration and enforcement of this Act, including but not limited to, original certification, renewal and restoration, shall be set by rule.

(b) Beginning July 1, 2003, all of the fees and fines collected under this Act shall be deposited into the General Professions Dedicated Fund.

(c) Any person who delivers a check or other payment to the Department that is returned to the Department unpaid by the financial institution upon which it is drawn shall pay to the Department, in addition to the amount already owed to the Department, a fine of \$50. The fines imposed by this Section are in addition to any other discipline provided under this Act prohibiting unlicensed practice or practice on a nonrenewed license. The Department shall notify the person that payment of fees and fines shall be paid to the Department by certified check or money order within 30 calendar days of the notification. If, after the expiration of 30 days from the date of the notification, the person has failed to submit the necessary remittance, the Department shall automatically terminate the license or certificate or deny the application, without hearing. If, after termination or denial, the person seeks a license or certificate, he or she shall apply to the Department for restoration or issuance of the license or certificate and pay all fees and fines due to the Department. The Department may establish a fee for the processing of an application for restoration of a license or certificate to pay all expenses of processing this application. The Director may waive the fines due under this Section in individual cases where the Director finds that the fines would be unreasonable or unnecessarily burdensome.

However, any person whose license has expired while he

has been engaged (1) in federal or state service active duty, or (2) in training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction into the military service, may have his license renewed, reinstated or restored without paying any lapsed renewal and restoration fees, if within 2 years after termination of such service, training or education other than by dishonorable discharge, he furnishes the Department with satisfactory proof that he has been so engaged and that his service, training or education has been so terminated.

(Source: P.A. 92-146, eff. 1-1-02.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.